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Frogtown Philatelist

The Official Journal of the Stamp Collectors Club of Toledo

P.O. Box 2, Maumee, OH 43537-0002

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November 2020

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Where we've been

October

October was stamp collecting month and while the SCCT was unable to hold meetings due to health concerns there was a host of online activity available. Just go to the APS website at Stamps.org and you find literally hundreds of programs,

presentations, and activities for exploration into all different aspects of the hobby. In addition the Collectors Club of New York offers two excellent presentations monthly. You do not need to be a member to attend. Just go to collectorsclub.org and the information is

on the home page. The Pennsylvania Postal History Society is also presenting bi-monthly programs. The link for the November 5th talk is <https://zoom.us/j/93956631437> or email skenedy@paphs.org and ask for a link

Where we're going.

November 1

Our president is working on getting Zoom meetings started. They have worked well for other clubs around the country and he has decided to take plunge into cyberspace to try and get some renewed interaction between members.

If we can get relatively proficient in the world of Zoom we may look at having a virtual show at the end of February if conditions require a cancellation of our in person show. Right now casualties of a February show are, exhibits, Saturday morning doughnuts and awards, and a decrease in the number of dealers. A survey of dealers was sent out in September. 27 letters were

sent out and we only received 12 replies with 8 dealers willing to attend. We are still hoping for an in person event but the window is closing. In August the APS held a virtual show which was very well received. A survey shows most respondents want to see more virtual stamp shows in the future.

The survey was conducted of registrants, after the Virtual Stamp Show, held from August 17-22. All 3,097 registrants of the show were emailed a survey and 529 responded. 80.67% of the respondents said they were extremely likely, or very likely to attend another Virtual Stamp Show.

Comments included:

"It was nice to be able to view the exhibits at my leisure and in more detail than in person. This is especially true for the elderly such as myself, standing for a long time would be problematic. I wish virtual exhibits will continue even after the pandemic ends. Thank you so much for giving the philatelists around the world a chance to view this wonderful and extremely well organized exhibition."

"For something put together so quickly, it was fantastic! I was also very happy that so many people who normally can't attend physical shows were able to participate. The show website was easy to use and the profile/message system was a nice addition that could have more potential in the future."

The entire survey can be seen at; <https://stamps.org/news/c/start-collecting/cat/virtual-stamp-show/post/survey-shows-high-interest-in-future-virtual-stamp-shows>

Where in the World are . . . The Three Toledo's of Brazil

Uruguay. The plan colonization was based on small farms averaging 10 acres



part of the municipality is heavily forested and is part of the Serra do Mar mountain range. In the rest of the area there are farmlands and in the northern part there are hills and mountains. The neighboring municipality is Itanhaém to the east.

The municipality contains part of the 1,208,010 acres Serra do Mar Environmental Protection Area, created in 1984. It contains a small part of the 208,620 acres Juréia-Itatins Ecological Station, a strictly protected area of well-preserved Atlantic Forest created in 1986.

Toledo, Minas Gerais

is a municipality in the state of Minas Gerais in the Southeast region of Brazil.



The municipality contains part of the 180,373 hectares (445,710 acres) Fernão Dias Environmental Protection Area, created in 1997.

Postmark of Toledo in Minas Gerais



Toledo, Paraná, Brazil is a municipality in the Brazilian state of Paraná. It is located in the region west near Cascavel, making this city a developing area on the Agribusiness, driven by its fertile soil and flat, which makes focusing cooperatives and other companies in the business, making it one of the largest grain producers in the state.



in São Paulo. Thereafter the development occurred rapidly, initially around the economics of farming communities, which lent the company a strong spirit herd.

In the late 1960 to 1970 the modernization of production printed new relationships and expertise in the field favored the monoculture and the concentration of ownership, causing the exodus and accelerated urbanization.

The pig, which was complementary activity to the pioneers, developed rapidly in the 1950s, culminating with the founding of the Pioneer Refrigerated S/A, which had its controlling interest acquired by the company Sadia in the year of 1964, which came to implement the system integration in the areas of poultry and pork, and a manufacturing facility that has installed the largest industry in the city. Initially Frigobrás worked through, but after the merger of the Sadia SA, the purchasing department was transferred to another location. More recently the merger between Sadia and Perdigão, Current BRF, led to the transfer of the administration to Curitiba, but the factory complex remains unaltered, with about 7000 workers, whose production meets the domestic and foreign markets. In the 90 Sadia started to invest in the expansion of pig and Toledo area expanded their flock of 100 000 to more than 400 thousand heads.



Its population is 122,502. Toledo is located in a region of recent settlement, and received its first residents in 1946, Gaucho settlers from the city of San Marcos, then within Caxias do Sul, then for the Território Federal do Iguaçu. In 1951, the city was liberated from Foz do Iguaçu by Law No. 790, signed by the governor of Paraná Bento Munhoz da Rocha Neto. The first election was held on November 9, 1952, and the official installation of December 14, 1952, when he saw the inauguration of Mayor Ernesto Dalloglio (1952/1956).

In the late 1960s, the region had only five counties: Foz do Iguaçu, Cascavel, Toledo, Guaira and Guaraníçu.

Toledo came when Industrial lumber mill and Colonization Rio Paraná S / A - Maripá acquired from a British real estate company a tract of land called Farm Britain, then started the occupation and clearing of bringing settlers to the area of Rio Grande do Sul.

The initial activity was the logging markets to meet the Argentina and

Pedro de Toledo

is a municipality in the state of São Paulo in Brazil. The population is



10,967 (2015 est.) in an area of 260 sq mi. The elevation of the municipal seat is 148 ft. The southern



November 2

Warren Gamaliel Harding

(November 2, 1865 - August 2, 1923) was the 29th from 1921 until his death in 1923, he was one of the most popular U.S. presidents to that point. After his



death, a number of scandals—including Teapot Dome—came to light, as did his extramarital affair with Nan Britton; each eroded his popular regard. Harding lived in rural Ohio all his life, except when political service took him elsewhere. As a young man, he bought *The Marion Star* and built it into a successful newspaper. In 1899, he was elected to the Ohio



State Senate; he spent four years there, then was elected lieutenant governor. He was defeated for governor in 1910, but was elected to the U.S. Senate in 1914. He ran for the Republican nomination for president in 1920, and he was considered a long shot until after the convention began. He conducted a front porch campaign, remaining for the most part in Marion and allowing the people to come to him, and running on a theme of a return to normalcy of the pre-World War I period. He won in a landslide over Democrat James M. Cox becoming the first sitting senator to be elected president.



Harding appointed a number of well-regarded figures to his cabinet, including Andrew Mellon at Treasury, Herbert Hoover at the

Department of Commerce, and Charles Evans Hughes at the State Department. A major foreign policy achievement came with the Washington Naval Conference of 1921-1922, in which the world's major naval powers agreed on a naval limitations program that lasted a decade. Harding released political prisoners who had been arrested for their opposition to World War I. His cabinet members Interior Secretary and Attorney General were each tried for corruption in office; one was convicted the other was not. These scandals greatly damaged Harding's posthumous reputation; he is generally regarded as one of the worst presidents. Harding died of a heart attack in San Francisco while on a western tour and was succeeded by Vice President Calvin Coolidge.



November 7

Marie Skłodowska Curie

(November 7, 1867 - July 4, 1934), was a Polish and naturalized-French physicist and chemist who conducted pioneering research on radioactivity. As part of the Curie family legacy of five Nobel Prizes, she was the first woman to win a Nobel Prize, the first person and the only woman to win the Nobel Prize twice, and the only person to win the Nobel Prize in two scientific fields. She was also the first woman to become a professor at the University of Paris.



She was born in Warsaw, in what was then the Kingdom of Poland, part of the Russian Empire.

She studied at Warsaw's clandestine Flying University and began her practical scientific training in Warsaw. In 1891, aged 24, she followed her elder sister Bronistawa to study in Paris, where she earned her higher degrees and conducted her subsequent scientific work.



She shared the 1903 Nobel Prize in Physics with her husband Pierre Curie and physicist Henri Becquerel, for their pioneering work developing the theory of "radioactivity" (a

term she coined). Using techniques she invented for isolating radioactive isotopes, she won the 1911 Nobel Prize in Chemistry for the discovery of two elements, polonium and radium.



Under her direction, the world's first studies were conducted into the treatment of neoplasms using radioactive isotopes. She founded the Curie Institutes in Paris and in Warsaw, which remain major centres of medical research to-day. During World War I she developed mobile radiography units to provide X-ray services to field hospitals.



While a French citizen, Marie Skłodowska Curie, who used both surnames, never lost her sense of Polish identity. She taught her daughters the Polish language and took them on visits to Poland. She named the



first chemical element she discovered *polonium*, after her native country. Marie Curie died in 1934, aged 66, at a sanatorium in Sancellemoz (Haute-Savoie), France, of aplastic anaemia from exposure to radiation in the course of her scientific research and in the course of her radiological work at field hospitals during World War I. In 1995, she became the first woman to be entombed on her own merits in the Panthéon in Paris.



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Stamp Collector's Club of Toledo

All meetings are held at the Perrysburg Masonic Lodge Building, 590 South Boundary, Perrysburg, OH 43551. Members begin to gather about 6:30, with the meeting to begin a 7:00. Programs and activities follow the business meeting. Guests are always welcome.

During the pandemic the APS has gone above and beyond hosting virtual stamp shows, utube stamp chat presentations, and informational webinars. If you are not a member go to stamps.org and see all they have to offer.

The Collectors Club of New York has also been putting some great webinars. They are continuing into next year. For more info collectorsclub.org

Internet Links

- Linn's www.linns.com
- OPHS www.ohiopostalhistory.com
- APS www.stamps.org
- ATA www.americantopicalassn.org
- USSS www.usstamps.org
- www.stampfinder.com
- www.zillionsofstamps.com

Local Shows

Blue Ribbon Show, Third Sunday, 9:30-3:30. St. Clement's Hall, 3030 Tremainsville Rd., Toledo.

Stamp shows are a guessing game at this point
 Ferndale Stamp Show
 February 13 - 14, 2021 Bourse only (no exhibits)
 Birmingham Stamp Club, Royal Oak Elks Lodge # 1523, 2410 E. Fourth Street, Royal Oak, Michigan 48067 Contact Fred Como at karate1dad@netscape.net or Phone 586-863-7934

We are still planning our February show. Four lemons on a slot machine is a good thing. Here is to hoping we can make lemonade from all the lemons we have had to deal with.

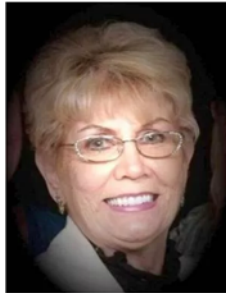


We're on the web!
www.toledostampclub.org

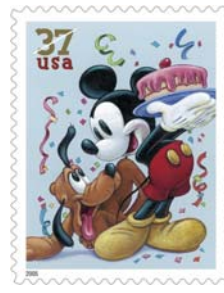
SCCT CONTACT INFORMATION

- Meetings:** Phoenix Masonic Lodge, 590 E. South Boundary Street, Perrysburg, Ohio
- Mailing:** Stamp Collectors Club of Toledo, PO Box 2, Maumee, Ohio 43537-0002
- Web Site:** www.toledostampclub.org
- Email:** John6125@earthlink.net
webmaster@toledostampclub.org
- Facebook:** <https://www.facebook.com/The-Stamp-Collectors-Club-of-Toledo-1372536332845589/>

The Back Page Mouseketeer Bonni Lou Kern



ing, swimming, *stamp collecting* and dolls. Her passing found some of the original Mouseketeers reflecting fondly. Bobby Burgess remembered her as a fun girl adding that, "Bonni was my part-



Bonni was honored with the coveted Mousecar Award, the highest award the Walt Disney Company gives out, as well as the key to Fantasyland at the Magic Kingdom at Disneyland.

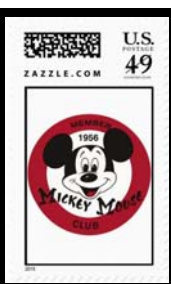
Family, friends, and fans of the original Mickey Mouse Club are mourning the loss of Mouseketeer Bonni Lou Kern. An original cast member from the original television series passed away in Wooster, Ohio at the age of 79 Monday, September 28th. Her death came just a few days from the show's 65th anniversary.

ner in lots of dance numbers because we were both big hoofers." Sharon Baird recalled Kern



for her prancing skills, "I remember she was always such a good dancer." Tommy Cole also fondly recollected about his one-time costar by saying "she was a delight to work with."

Following her career on Mickey Mouse Club, Kern later worked as a muppeteer on *The Muppet show*, *The Great Muppet Caper* and *The Muppets: A Celebration of 30 Years*.



Born in Alhambra, California on January 2, 1941, Bonni was cast in the Mickey Mouse Club at the age of 14. According to a 1956 issue of *Walt Disney's Mickey Mouse Club Magazine*, Bonni's hobbies included animals, horseback rid-

